

# [PDF] Catherine De Medici: Renaissance Queen Of France

Leonie Frieda - pdf download free book

---



## Books Details:

Title: Catherine de Medici: Renaissa

Author: Leonie Frieda

Released: 2006-03-14

Language:

Pages: 440

ISBN: 0060744936

ISBN13: 978-0060744939

ASIN: 0060744936

[CLICK HERE FOR DOWNLOAD](#)

---

pdf, mobi, epub, azw, kindle

## Description:

**From Publishers Weekly** In 1533, 14-year-old Catherine de Medici arrived in France to marry the future king Henri II; over the next 16 years, she endured the dominance of Henri's mistress, Diane de Poitiers, and the disdain of courtiers for her family's merchant background. The sudden death of Henri launched Catherine into three decades as regent and chief adviser to three sons who ruled in succession. Frieda navigates the twists and turns of the French royal court and family with particular attention to the formation of Catherine's political skills. From her lonely childhood as a tool in the diplomacy of her powerful uncles to her carefully cultivated relationship with her father-in-law and maneuvering through shifting family alliances, the queen learned self-possession, deception and strategy. While Catherine has been maligned

for her role in France's wars of religion and in particular the St. Bartholomew's Day Massacre, Frieda argues that Catherine attempted to reach compromise in the religious strife of her adopted country. While trying to flesh out Catherine, Frieda occasionally paints others with a too-broad brush. At times, her descriptions of Catherine's actions as emotionally or politically motivated seem arbitrary. But Frieda's portrait of Catherine is multifaceted, and her presentation of the complicated narrative of five tumultuous reigns is compelling.

Copyright © Reed Business Information, a division of Reed Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved. --This text refers to an out of print or unavailable edition of this title.

**From** The sixteenth century was an exceptionally dramatic period in European history. A series of colorful kings and queens performed as power players, rendering those decades not only a bloody battleground but also an exciting pageant of dynastic intrigue. One of the most (in)famous royal players of the time was Queen Catherine de Medici of France, the Italian-born consort of the exciting and effective Henry II and the power behind the throne for her three weak king sons. The author of this revealing biography achieves remarkable balance as she freshly interprets Catherine, whose hands have usually seemed to historians to be forever stained by the religious wars that sent France into frenzies during her watch. Frieda, resisting the easy picture of Catherine--one of despicable complicity in those horrors--puts Catherine's involvement in the episodes into context; what emerges is a woman of "intelligence, courage and indefatigable spirit who did her best for her beloved if adopted country." Not a whitewash but a carefully nuanced portrait. *Brad Hooper*  
Copyright © American Library Association. All rights reserved --This text refers to an out of print or unavailable edition of this title.

---

- Title: Catherine de Medici: Renaissance Queen of France
  - Author: Leonie Frieda
  - Released: 2006-03-14
  - Language:
  - Pages: 440
  - ISBN: 0060744936
  - ISBN13: 978-0060744939
  - ASIN: 0060744936
-

Catherine de Medici was born Catarina Maria Romola de' Medici to an Italian duke named Lorenzo II and his wife Madeleine de la Tour'Auvergne in 1519 at the height of the infamous Medici family's power and wealth. She seemed destined for a life of ease and luxury. Then, within weeks of her birth, she was orphaned. Her father died, reportedly of tuberculosis or syphilis or both, and her mother died of the plague. "Queens of Infamy: The Rise of Catherine de Medici" records how Catherine was passed from her grandmother to her aunt and eventually became a pawn in a game being started by her uncle. Start your review of Catherine de Medici: Renaissance Queen of France. Write a review. Apr 12, 2013 Madeline rated it liked it. I'd read somewhere that Catherine de Medici introduced France to the concept of eating food with a fork. This was a detail I was hoping to learn more about when I started reading this rather huge and thorough book. There was little mention of forks, it turned out, but there were so many other rich and absorbing details, historical and personal, that this turned into an unexpectedly gripping read. History really came to life for me with this one, especially as it gave context to the Protestant movement. I'd read somewhere that Catherine de Medici introduced France to the concept of eating food with a fork. Catherine de Medici played an important part in the history of Sixteenth Century France. Catherine de Medici has been held partly responsible for starting the French Wars of Religion. Citation: C N Trueman "Catherine De Medici" historylearningsite.co.uk. The History Learning Site, 27 May 2015. 24 Sep 2020. Catherine de Medici played an important part in the history of Sixteenth Century France. Catherine de Medici has been held partly responsible for starting the French Wars of Religion. But has her contribution been exaggerated? It is all but impossible to blame one person for a war let alone what turned into a series of wars. Catherine de Medici, the wife of King Henry II, was the Queen of France from 1547 until 1559. This biography of Catherine de Medici provides detailed information about her childhood, life, achievements, works & timeline. Catherine de Medici, the wife of King Henry II, was the Queen of France from 1547 until 1559. Born as the daughter of Lorenzo di Piero de' Medici, the ruler of Florence, and his wife Madeleine de la Tour d'Auvergne, the Countess of Boulogne, she lost both her parents at an early age. After being cared for by a series of relatives, she was finally housed in the Palazzo Medici Riccardi in Florence, by her uncle Cardinal Giulio de' Medici who was elected Pope Clement VII in 1523. She received a good education and grew up to be an artistic, intelligent, and extroverted girl.

Catherine de Medici – Italian-born French queen, regent and mother of three kings of France. She was a powerful influence in 16th century France, particularly during the Wars of Religion. Caterina Maria Romola di Lorenzo de Medici was born in Florence on 13 April 1519. Her father was Lorenzo de Medici, Duke of Urbino and ruler of Florence and her mother was Madeleine de la Tour d'Auvergne, cousin of Francis I, King of France. Catherine's mother died when she was two-weeks-old and her father soon afterwards. In 1533, at the age of 14, Catherine's uncle Pope Clement VII arranged her marriage to King Charles IX of France. Catherine de Medici: a queen who, by the way, has spent years advocating for reconciliation between the Catholics and the Protestants. Catherine de Medici: the St Bartholomew's Day Massacre was a complete accident. Catherine de Medici: I will admit that it was gauche for Charles to throw a parade celebrating it. For further reading on Catherine de Medici: Leonie Frieda, Catherine de Medici: Renaissance Queen of France Christopher Hibbert, The House of Medici: Its Rise And Fall Mary Hollingsworth, The Family Medici: The Hidden History of the Medici Dynasty. Anne Thériault is a Toronto-based feminist killjoy. Catherine de Medici (born Caterina Maria Romola di Lorenzo de Medici; April 13, 1519-January 5, 1589) was a member of the powerful Italian Medici family who became queen consort of France through her marriage to King Henry II. As queen consort and, later, queen mother, Catherine was highly influential during a period of intense religious and civil conflict. Fast Facts: Catherine de Medici. Known For: Queen of France, Queen Mother. Also Known As: Caterina Maria Romola di Lorenzo de Medici. Born: April 13, 1519, in Florence, Italy. Died: January 5, 1589, in Blois, France. Spouse: King Henry II. All about Catherine De Medici and her century. King Charles IX of France, persuaded by his mother, Catherine de Medici, ordered the assassination of Huguenot Protestant leaders in Paris, setting off a killing spree that resulted in the massacre of thousands of Huguenots across France. Days earlier, Catherine had ordered the murder of Admiral Gaspard de Coligny, a Huguenot leader whom she felt was leading her son into war with Spain. The other towering queen of Tudor times. Queen Elizabeth I's greatest international challenge may have been dealing with Queen (then Queen Mother) Catherine de Medici. The two constantly discussed matters through their ambassadors. The English ambassadors never failed to visit her in order to present their respects. Catherine de' Medici (Italian: Caterina de' Medici, pronounced [kateˈriːna de ˈmɛːdiːtʃi]; French: Catherine de Médicis, pronounced [katɛˈin dɛˈmɛdis]; 13 April 1519 – 5 January 1589) was an Italian noblewoman. She also was queen consort of France from 1547 until 1559, by marriage to King Henry II, and mother of kings Francis II, Charles IX and Henry III from 1559 to 1589. The years during which her sons reigned have been called "the age of Catherine de' Medici" as she had extensive, if at times